

# United States Patent and Trademark Office



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO. FILING DATE		ING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/828,797	10/828,797 04/21/2004		Herbert M. Dean	dean0404con	5067
23580	7590	06/29/2005		EXAMINER	
		ULT, PLLC	JAGOE, DONNA A		
41 BROOK MANCHES		03104		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
	,			1614	
				DATE MAILED: 06/29/2005	5

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)					
Office Action Summary		10/828,797	DEAN ET AL.					
		Examiner	Art Unit					
_		Donna Jagoe	1614					
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply								
THE   - External after - If the - If NC - Failu Any (	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR F MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICAT nsions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 ( SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communicat period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory tre to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by reply received by the Office later than three months after the ed patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ION.  FR 1.136(a). In no event, however, ion.  In a reply within the statutory mining period will apply and will expire Sometimes of the statute, cause the application to	rer, may a reply be timely filed mum of thirty (30) days will be considered time IX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).					
Status								
1)	Responsive to communication(s) filed on							
2a)□	· · · _	This action is non-fina	l.					
3)	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is							
	closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.							
Disposition of Claims								
4)⊠	☑ Claim(s) <u>1-14</u> is/are pending in the application.							
	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.							
5)□	5)☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6)☑ Claim(s) <u>1-14</u> is/are rejected.							
6)⊠								
7)	Claim(s) is/are objected to.							
8)□	Claim(s) are subject to restriction	and/or election requiren	nent.					
Applicati	on Papers							
9)[	The specification is objected to by the Ex	aminer.						
10)	10)☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ accepted or b)☐ objected to by the Examiner.							
	Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).							
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).								
11)	The oath or declaration is objected to by t	he Examiner. Note the	attached Office Action or form P	'TO-152.				
Priority u	ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119							
_	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for for All b) Some * c) None of:  1. Certified copies of the priority docu	ments have been recei	ved.					
	<ul><li>2. Certified copies of the priority docu</li><li>3. Copies of the certified copies of the application from the International E</li></ul>	e priority documents hav	ve been received in this Nationa	l Stage				
* 5	See the attached detailed Office action for	•	**					
Attachmen	t(s)							
1) Notic	e of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) 🗍 1	nterview Summary (PTO-413)					
2) 🔲 Notic	e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-94	18) P	aper No(s)/Mail Date	450				
	nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/S r No(s)/Mail Date	SB/08) 5) □ N 6) □ C	Notice of Informal Patent Application (PT Other:	O-152)				

Art Unit: 1614

#### **DETAILED ACTION**

# Claims 1-14 are presented for examination.

### Claim Objections

Claim 5 is objected to because of the following informalities: the word "propanolol" is misspelled. The correct spelling is "propranolol". Appropriate correction is required.

Claim 7 is objected to because of the following informalities: the word "metaprolol" is misspelled. The correct spelling is "metoprolol". Appropriate correction is required.

#### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham* v. *John Deere Co.*, 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:

- 1. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.
- 2. Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.
- 3. Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.
- 4. Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.

Art Unit: 1614

This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).

Claims 1-14 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Powell et al. U.S. Patent No. 6,140,319 A.

Claims 1-7 and 14 are drawn to a medicament dosage unit consisting essentially of a beta-adreneric blocker and a platelet inhibitor in a single unit. Dependent claims are drawn to aspirin as the platelet inhibitor and atenolol, propranolol, timolol and metoprolol as the beta-blockers. Claims 8-11 are drawn to a method of treating cardiovascular disease comprising administering a single dosage unit consisting essentially of a beta-adreneric blocker and a platelet inhibitor. Claims 12-13 are drawn to a method for making a cardiovascular protective dosage unit, which consists essentially of formulating a single dosage unit consisting essentially of a beta-adreneric blocker and a platelet inhibitor.

Powell et al. teach a single dosage unit of a vasopeptidase inhibitor combined with a beta-blocker and an antiplatelet agent (column 2, lines 5-13). It differs in that it includes a vasopeptidase inhibitor. The transitional phrase "consisting essentially of"

Art Unit: 1614

limits the scope of a claim to the specified materials or steps "and those that do not materially affect the basic and novel characteristic(s)" of the claimed invention. In re-Herz, 537 F.2d 549, 551-52. For the purposes of searching for and applying prior art under35 U.S.C. 102 and 103, absent a clear indication in the specification or claims of what the basic and novel characteristics actually are, "consisting essentially of" will be construed as equivalent to "comprising." If the applicant contends that additional steps or material in the prior art are excluded by the recitation of "consisting essentially of," applicant has the burden of showing that the introduction of additional steps or components would materially change the characteristics of applicant's invention. *In re* De Lajarte, 337 F.2d 870, 143 USP 256 (CCPA 1964). See also Ex parte Hoffman, 12 USPQ2d 1061, 1063-64 (Bd. Pat. App. & Inter. 1989). It does not appear that the addition of a vasopeptidase inhibitor would materially change the characteristics of the applicant's invention, since a vasopeptidase inhibitor would also treat cardiovascular disease. Since there is no detail regarding the method of making a medicament, it reads on the "single dosage form" of the prior art. Powell et al. teach the compositions useful for cardiovascular disorders such as angina pectoris (column 1, line 66 to column 2, line 1). Beta-blockers for the invention include agents such as propranolol, timolol, metoprolol and atenolol and antiplatelet agents such as aspirin (column 4, lines 6-28).

Thus the claims fail to patentably distinguish over the state of the art as represented by the cited references.

Accordingly, for the above reasons, the claims are deemed properly rejected and none are allowed.

Art Unit: 1614

## Correspondence

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Donna Jagoe whose telephone number is (571) 272-0576. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday through Thursday from 9:00 A.M. - 3:00 P.M..

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Christopher Low can be reached on (571) 272-0951. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Donna Jagoe Patent Examiner Art Unit 1614

06/26/2005

CHRISTOPHER S. F. LOW SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER